



Safety Data Sheet

CHLORINE

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Version: 3.0

SDS reference: AL640

Danger



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : Chlorine
SDS no : AL640
Chemical description : Chlorine
CAS No : 7782-50-5
EC no : 231-959-5
EC index no : 017-001-00-7
Registration-No. : 01-2119486560-35
Chemical formula : Cl₂

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
Test gas/Calibration gas.
Water treatment.
Laboratory use.
Chemical reaction / Synthesis.
Contact supplier for more information on uses.

Uses advised against : Consumer use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company identification : Air Liquide Australia Limited
Level 9 / 380 St. Kilda Road
3004 Melbourne VIC Australia
+61 3 9697 9888
ALAEquiries@AirLiquide.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : 1800 812 588

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

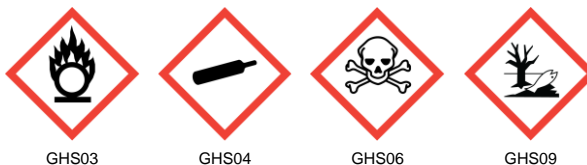
Classification according to WHS Regulation

Physical hazards	Oxidising Gases, Category 1	H270	
	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas	H280	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2	H330	
	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315	
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	H319	
	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	H335	
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 1	H400	(M=100)

2.2. Label elements

Classification according to WHS Regulation

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :

Danger

Hazard statements :

H270 - May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer.
 H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
 H315 - Causes skin irritation.
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
 H330 - Fatal if inhaled.
 H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.
 EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention : P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
 P220 - Keep away from combustible materials.
 P260 - Do not breathe gas, vapours.
 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.
 P244 - Keep valves and fittings free from oil and grease.
- Response : P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
 P370+P376 - In case of fire: stop leak if safe to do so.
 P304+P340+P315 - IF INHALED : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice / attention.
 P305+P351+P338+P315 - IF IN EYES : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice / attention.
- Storage : P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
 P405 - Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

: Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to WHS Regulation
Chlorine	(CAS No) 7782-50-5 (EC no) 231-959-5 (EC index no) 017-001-00-7 (Registration-No.) 01-2119486560-35	100	Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas), H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100)

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Full text of R-phrases see section 16. Full text of H-statements see section 16.

3.2. Mixture : Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- : May cause chemical burns to skin and cornea (with temporary disturbance to vision).
May cause irritation to skin.
Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.
Refer to section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- : Treat with corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.
Obtain medical assistance.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog.
Foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards : Supports combustion.
Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
- Hazardous combustion products : Halogen hydrogen acids

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
If possible, stop flow of product.
Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.
EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams.
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
- Hazchemcode : 2XE

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**



- : Try to stop release.
- Evacuate area.
- Monitor concentration of released product.
- Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.
- Eliminate ignition sources.
- Ensure adequate air ventilation.
- Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.
- Act in accordance with local emergency plan.
- Stay upwind.

6.2. Environmental precautions

- : Try to stop release.
- Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- : Hose down area with water.
- Ventilate area.
- Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

- : See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Safe use of the product

- : The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
- Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.
- Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
- Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use.
- Do not smoke while handling product.
- Avoid exposure, obtain special instructions before use.
- Use no oil or grease.
- Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
- Installation of a cross purge assembly between the cylinder and the regulator is recommended.
- Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service.
- Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.
- Do not breathe gas.
- Avoid release of product into atmosphere.

Safe handling of the gas receptacle : Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
 Do not allow backfeed into the container.
 Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.
 When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
 Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
 If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier.
 Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.
 Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
 Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.
 Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.
 Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
 Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
 Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
 Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents.
 Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.
 Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
 Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
 Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
 Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
 Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
 Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
 Segregate from flammable gases and other flammable materials in store.
 Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
 Keep away from combustible materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

: None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

OEL (Occupational Exposure Limits) :

CHLORINE		
OEL : Occupational Exposure Limits		
Australia	TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³
	TWA (ppm)	1 ppm

Chlorine (7782-50-5)	
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	1.5 mg/m ³
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	1.5 mg/m ³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	0.75 mg/m ³
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0.75 mg/m ³

Chlorine (7782-50-5)	
PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration	
Aqua (freshwater)	0.00021 mg/l
Aqua (marine water)	0.000042 mg/l
Aquatic, intermittent releases	0.00026 mg/l
Micro-organisms or PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP)	0.03 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

**8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls**

- : Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
- Product to be handled in a closed system.
- Preferably use only permanent leak-tight installations (e.g. welded pipes).
- Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.
- Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).
- Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.
- Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

- : A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered:
 - Protect eyes, face and skin from liquid splashes.
 - PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

• Eye/face protection

- : Wear safety glasses with side shields.
- Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
- Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection.
- Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

• Skin protection

- Hand protection

- : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
- Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk.
- Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
- Standard EN 374 - Protective gloves against chemicals.
- Permeation time: minimum >30min short term exposure: material / thickness [mm] Chloroprene rubber (CR) 0,4
- Permeation time: minimum >480min long term exposure: material / thickness [mm] Fluoroelastomer (FKM) 0,7
- Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness.
- The breakthrough time of the selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

- Other

- : Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
- Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
- Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use.
- Standard EN943-1 - Full protective suits against liquid, solid and gaseous chemicals.

• Respiratory protection

- : Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.
- Use gas filters and full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.
- Recommended: Filter B (grey).
- Consult respiratory device supplier's product information for the selection of the appropriate device.
- Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.
- Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and full face mask - EN 136.
- Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use.
- Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
- Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.

• Thermal hazards

- : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
- Standard EN 511 - Cold insulating gloves.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

- : Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance

• Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	: Gas.
• Colour	: Greenish gas.
Odour	: Pungent.
Odour threshold	: Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
pH value	: If dissolved in water pH-value will be affected.
Molar mass	: 71 g/mol
Melting point	: -101 °C
Boiling point	: -34 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Critical temperature [°C]	: 144 °C
Evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability range	: Non flammable.
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: 6.8 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: 14.3 bar(a)
Relative density, gas (air=1)	: 2.5
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	: 1.6
Solubility in water	: 8620 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water [log Kow]	: Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity [20°C]	: Not applicable.
Explosive Properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidising Properties	: Oxidiser.
- Coefficient of oxygen equivalency (Ci)	: 0.7
9.2. Other information	
Other data	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Violently oxidises organic material.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

: Avoid moisture in installation systems.

10.5. Incompatible materials

: May react violently with combustible materials.
May react violently with reducing agents.
Reacts with water to form corrosive acids.
May react violently with alkalis.
With water causes rapid corrosion of some metals.
Moisture.
For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Delayed fatal pulmonary oedema possible.

LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	146.5 ppm/4h
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Skin corrosion/irritation

: May cause inflammation of the skin.
Severe corrosion to skin at high concentrations.

Serious eye damage/irritation

: Severe corrosion to the eyes at high concentrations.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

: No known effects from this product.

Germ cell mutagenicity

: No known effects from this product.

Carcinogenicity

: No known effects from this product.

Toxic for reproduction : Fertility

: No known effects from this product.

Toxic for reproduction : unborn child

: No known effects from this product.

STOT-single exposure

: May cause inflammation of the respiratory system.
Severe corrosion to the respiratory tract at high concentrations.

Target organ(s)

: Respiratory tract.

STOT-repeated exposure

: No known effects from this product.

Aspiration hazard

: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chlorine (7782-50-5)	
EC50 24h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	0.01 - 0.1 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment : Not applicable for inorganic gases.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment : No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment : Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment : Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

: May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.

Effect on ozone layer

: None.

Effect on the global warming

: No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Consult supplier for specific recommendations.
 Must not be discharged to atmosphere.
 Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.
 Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at
<http://www.eiga.org> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.

List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2001/118/EC)

: 16 05 04: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances.

13.2. Additional information

: None.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN-No. : 1017

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail (ADG) : CHLORINE

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : CHLORINE

Transport by sea (IMDG) : CHLORINE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labelling



2.3 : Toxic gases
 5.1 : Oxidizing substances
 8 : Corrosive substances
 Environmentally hazardous substances

Transport by road/rail (ADG)

Class : 2
 Hazchemcode : 2XE
 Hazard identification number : 265
 Tunnel Restriction : C/D - Tank carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category C, D and E. Other carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.3 (5.1, 8)

Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.3 (5.1, 8)
 Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire : F-C
 Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage : S-U

14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : Not applicable
 Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Not applicable
 Transport by sea (IMDG) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : Environmentally hazardous substance / mixture.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Environmentally hazardous substance / mixture.
Transport by sea (IMDG) : Marine pollutant

14.6. Special precautions for user**Packing Instruction(s)**

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : P200

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Passenger and Cargo Aircraft : Forbidden

Cargo Aircraft only : Forbidden

Transport by sea (IMDG) : P200

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.
Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
- Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking.
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****National regulations**

Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

: A CSA has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Revised safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

Training advice : Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.

Full text of H-statements

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2



Ox. Gas 1	Oxidising Gases, Category 1
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
H270	May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract
R23	Toxic by inhalation
R36/37/38	Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin
R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms
R8	Contact with combustible material may cause fire
N	Dangerous for the environment
O	Oxidising
T	Toxic
Xi	Irritant

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

: Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.
Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.
Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

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