

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1 Product Identifier

Trade name	Argon, Helium & Carbon Dioxide Mixtures		
MSDS No.	0029		
Chemical description	Argon	Helium	Carbon Dioxide
CAS No.	7440-37-1	7440-59-7	124-38-9
EC No.	231-147-0	231-168-5	204-696-9
Chemical formula	Ar	He	CO <sub>2</sub>
Synonyms	ARCAL 121		

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses and uses advised against

Inert Gas Shielding For Arc Welding, Laser Machines

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier

Name Air Liquide New Zealand  
Address Limited  
19 Maurice Road, Penrose  
Auckland 1061,  
New Zealand  
Phone Phone: (09) 622 3880

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

0800 156 516

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Hazardous Substances [Classification] Regulations 2001

HSNO classification(s) 2.2 - Not Hazardous  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Physical Hazards

#### 2.2 Label Elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning  
Hazard statements H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Precautionary statements

Prevention - None allocated  
Response -None allocated  
Storage P410+403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place.  
Disposal None allocated

#### 2.3 Other Hazards

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substance/Mixtures

Name	Chemical Formula	%	Product Identifier
Argon	Ar	79-85	(Cas No) 7440-37-1
			(EC No) 231-147-0
Helium	He	16-20	(Cas No) 7440-59-7
			(EC No) 231-168-5
Carbon Dioxide	CO <sub>2</sub>	1-5	(Cas No) 124-38-9
			(EC No) 204-696-9

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
Skin contact	Adverse effects not expected from this product.
Eye contact	Adverse effects not expected from this product.
Ingestion	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray or fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet to extinguish.

### 5.2 Specific hazards arising for the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
Hazardous combustion products	None

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Specific methods	Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. If possible, stop flow of product. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters. Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazchem code 2T  
2 Use fog or fine spray.  
T Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Dilute spill and run-off.  
E Evacuate vicinity

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Try to stop release.  
Evacuate area.  
Monitor concentration of released product.  
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.  
Ensure adequate air ventilation.  
Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.  
Act in accordance with local emergency plan.  
Stay upwind.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate area

#### 6.4 References to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Safe use of the product	<p>The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Consult supplier for specific recommendations. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations. Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use. Do not smoke while handling product. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not breathe gas. Avoid release of product into atmosphere.</p>
Safe handling of the gas receptacle	<p>Refer to supplier's container handling instructions. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.</p>

Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.  
Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.  
Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.  
Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.  
Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents.  
Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### General

Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Container valve guards or caps should be in place.  
Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.  
Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.  
Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.  
Segregate from flammable gases and other flammable materials in store.  
Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.  
Keep away from combustible materials.

Approved handlers/ Location Certificates No requirements

### 7.3 Specific use(s)

None

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

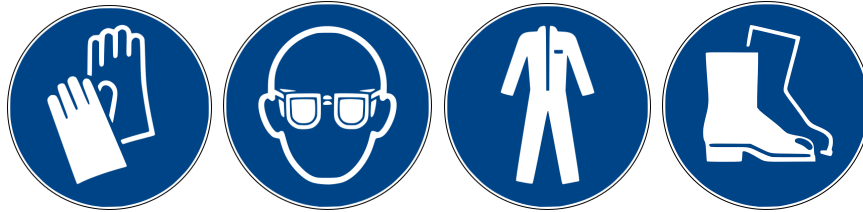
OEL (Occupational Exposure Limits)	No data available
DNEL (Derived-No Effect Level)	No data available
PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration)	No data available

### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.  
Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.  
Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).  
Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released.  
Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

### 8.3 Individual protection measures

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered:  
PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.



Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	Wear working gloves when handling gas containers. Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
Respiratory protection	Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.
Thermal hazards	None necessary.

#### 8.4 Environmental exposure controls

None necessary.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state 20°C/101.3kPa	Gas
Colour	Colourless
Odour	No odour warning properties
Odour threshold	Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
pH value	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Molar mass [g/mol]	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Melting point [°C]	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Boiling point [°C]	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Flash point [°C]	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Critical temperature [°C]	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Evaporation rate (ether=1)	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Flammability range	Non flammable
Vapour pressure [20°C]	No reliable data available
Vapour pressure [50°C]	No reliable data available
Relative density, gas (air=1)	Heavier than air
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	No reliable data available
Solubility in water [mg/l]	No reliable data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water [log Kow]	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Autoignition temperature	Not applicable
Viscosity [20°C]	Not applicable
Explosive properties	Not applicable
Oxidising properties	None
Coefficient of oxygen equivalency (Ci)	0

## 9.2 Other information

None.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in subsections below.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture in installation systems.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114..

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

None

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	No toxicological effects from this product.
Skin corrosion/irritation	No known effects from this product.
Serious eye damage/irritation	No known effects from this product.
Respiratory/skin sensitisation	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No known effects from this product.
Carcinogenicity	No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction: Fertility	No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction: Unborn child	No known effects from this product.
Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure	No known effects from this product.
Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure	No known effects from this product.
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

No ecological damage caused by this product.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No ecological damage caused by this product.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No ecological damage caused by this product.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No ecological damage caused by this product.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer	None.
Effect on global warming	None

## SECTION 13: Disposal consideration

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer for disposal of contents  
Vent to atmosphere in a well ventilated place. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous  
Discharge to atmosphere in large quantities should be avoided.

### 13.2 Additional information

None.

## SECTION 14: Transport information



### 2.2 Non-flammable, non-toxic gases

#### 14.1 Land transport

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005: NZS 5433:2012

UN Number	1956
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S [CARBON DIOXIDE, HELIUM & ARGON MIXTURE]
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2
Packing group	Not applicable
Environmental hazards	None

#### 14.2 Transport by sea

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods

UN Number	1956
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S (CONTAINS CARBON DIOXIDE, HELIUM & ARGON)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2
Packing group	Not applicable
Environmental hazards	None
Emergency Schedule (EmS)	Fire F-C Spillage S-V

#### 14.3 Transport by air

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organisation/IATA - International Air Transport Association

UN Number	1956
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S (CONTAINS CARBON DIOXIDE, HELIUM & ARGON)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2
Packing group	Not applicable
Environmental hazards	None

### 14.4 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code	2T
Special transport information	Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle drivers are aware of the potential hazards of the load and know what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure there is adequate ventilation. Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO approval code	HSR002533
Listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment does not need to be carried out for this product.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### 16.1 Indication of changes

Update to reflect GHS requirements	
Date of first issue	May 2014
Revised date	February 2020
Superseeds	Version 2
Version	3

### 16.2 Training advice

The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.

### 16.3 Full text of H-statements

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

### 16.4 Cylinder features

Colour	AS 4484-2004 Peacock Blue PMS 5473C / Green Grey PMS 415C and/or Brown PMS 463C (Shoulder)
Valve outlet	AS 2473 Type 10 or Type 11

### 16.5 Disclaimer of liability

Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.

Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.

Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.